**The Weather:**
Partly Cloudy Today and Monday.
TEMPERATURES YESTERDAY:
Greensboro: 78. Greensboro Airport: 78. Low: 45.
(OTHER DATA ON PAGE FOUR.)

# GREENSBORO DAILY NEWS

**The Pulsebeats . . .**
Daily News readers keep up with the pulse of the world. They are kept informed as to what people here and everywhere are doing.

VOL. LVIII, NO. 74. ★ GREENSBORO, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 29, 1940. PRICE: DAILY—FIVE CENTS SUNDAY—TEN CENTS

# NEW AXIS WARNED BY U. S.

# British, Nazis Trade Mighty Blows In Air

## Russia's Role In New Lineup Decided, Berlin Source Says

### CONTROL FIXED

Areas to Be Under Leadership Of Soviet Agreed Upon, Press Claims.

### ARE FIXED BY PRINCIPLE

BERLIN, Sept. 28.—(AP)—Germany, Italy and Japan have agreed, amongst themselves as to just what area the proposed new world order is to be under the leadership" of soviet Russia, as well as what areas are to be under their respective controls, informed sources disclosed tonight.

[illegible] Russia will be given to the direct sphere of influence of the Soviet Union, the sources said.

**Issue Confused.**

[illegible] some confusion [illegible] "three-power agreement", however, with a statement that the borders had not been "fixed locally according to geographic details, but only according to principle."

There exists no need [illegible] definite, exact fixing of borders in every detail."

No indication also was given to what United States Secretary of State Cordell Hull's description of the pact as a document which "publicized something already in its [illegible] very well with [illegible] circles."

[illegible] American and British attempts to represent the pact as being from the service said, the [illegible] can press accepted it as "the [illegible] sensational political event at the beginning of the week [illegible] recognizing its significance.

**Expect Settlement.**

While spokesmen declined to be [illegible] as to where the Russian-Japanese spheres are to meet, obviously expected in the foreign office that Japan will clear up [illegible] misunderstanding in the Soviet over disputed borders.

It was indicated, too, that Soviet shipment of arms to China is being overlooked.

There still was no published press official reaction from Moscow. D. N. B., the official German news agency, asserted by inference that it was favorable.

**Three "spaces"**

[illegible] in Europe, Africa, east Asia—are to be marked under the terms of the tripartite military-political-economic alliance with which Germany, Italy and Japan yesterday confronted the world.

Whether Russia had been informed of all this in advance was not stated officially. Many German commentators said she had been told of all the steps that preceded the alliance, but for this here was no [illegible]

**Leadership Principle.**

German government quarters denied, however, that the relation each state to its "space" would be not of "monopolistic rule" rather one of "leadership".

The position of the United States under the new alignment — which only implies that Japan, Germany and Italy will band together in warding America if that country should become involved in either of them—turned on conjecture during the day.

If the United States continues to supply arms and munitions to Britain, authorized persons said, it could not avoid the conflict. The issue depending largely on whether such aid would be likely decisively affect the war.

The pact is directed against the "intervention and deter[illegible] the conflict," they added. Such intervention, it was said, would be "entirely out of the question" if the United States should enter the war.

**Question For U. S.**

The recent tender of 50 American planes to Britain and the United [illegible] Britain would not be [illegible] it did not in the German view indicate a conflict over the incident.

On the question of the Americas, the persons said:

"We have never opposed your American Monroe doctrine. We have no desire or intention to extend our defensive frontiers, say to the waters of the Americas. We never thought of interfering with [illegible] doctrine and do not intend to do so in the future.

"As to the recent rumors that the United States might acquire the right to use the British naval base at Singapore in exchange for heavy bombers to be used by the British against Germany, it appeared very strange in German political quarters that it would be up to Japan to decide. Everyone knows this would be an encroachment upon her 'sphere.'"

### Three Powers Ready to Show Force, Jap Premier Declares

TOKIO Sept 29. — (AP) — A declaration that Japan, Germany and Italy were ready to display the power of their military alliance in case of necessity" was made tonight by Premier-Prince Fumimaro Konoye in an address to the nation.

Japan he said in a broadcast is prepared "not only to settle the China incident, but also to participate in the formidable task of creating a new era in the entire world."

The premier added that the treaty had resulted from conflicts between the old and new orders in the world. Germany and Italy, he went on, were leaning the attack upon the status quo in Europe and that Japan, in Asia, and the alliance that with the outgrowth of natural cooperation.

Since Japan now has formally entered the alliance, he said, "all is now ready".

As to the Chinese-Japanese war, he remarked that Japan had "sacrificed many loyal and courageous officers and men, and moreover, has consumed huge amounts of money and economic resources."

He concluded with an appeal for national unity and courage in the face of what he said was a crisis unprecedented in history.

Well-informed sources said that Japan intends to bring the soviet union into the tripartite pact, the Japanese-German-Italian alliance because Germany may not help this country in the claims with Russia.

The pact of Berlin of Germany, Italy and Japan specifies that the alliance does not affect arrangements which any one of the signatories now have with Russia. Germany and Russia are bound by a nonaggression pact.

Therefore, qualified sources indicated, no immediate effort will be expected to effect a rapprochement with the soviet union to safeguard the western boundaries of Japan's empire.

Germany may help in this case, because of her interest in using the Trans-Siberian railway to get her experts to Japan, whenever Japanese ships will carry them abroad.

## Wendell Willkie Pledges New World For Americans

### New Order Under Which Citizens Will Give to Government Rather Than Receive Is Promised By Republican Candidate—Takes Plane to Keep Engagement.

YONKERS, N. Y., Sept. 28.—(AP)—After a hurried airplane flight from Schenectady, N. Y., Wendell L. Willkie told a cheering audience tonight he wanted to build "a new world" and that he had "only one great promise to make—an effective, an expanding, an impregnable democracy".

Addressing a special session of the Republican state convention at the Empire City race track, Willkie declared that his program would require "sacrifice".

The time has come he said, for Americans to "give to the government instead of accepting orders and debts" from the new deal.

Willkie had to leave his special train in Schenectady and fly to La Guardia field, New York city, in order to arrive here in time for his 8 p. m. address. his first campaign had been for the re-election of President Roosevelt's home state. He drove to the race track grounds at 90 miles an hour with police escort.

**Large Crowd.**

The candidate stood in a big speakers' stand facing the crowd which Sheriff George A. Casey, of Westchester county, estimated at 15,000.

Willkie stood under bright flood lights in front of huge pictures of himself and Senator Charles L. McNary, Republican, Oregon, his running mate. He was applauded frequently.

When the candidate said his latest news that "I pledge a new world" [illegible]

(Continued On Page 4, Col. 2)

## BERLIN EXPERIENCES TWO AIR RAID ALARMS

### "Substantial Number" of Residents Killed In Air Raids By British.

BERLIN, Sept. 29.—(Sunday)—(AP)—British air raiders, attacking wide area of Germany including Berlin's suburbs, early today dropped bombs which killed and injured a "substantial number" of civilians, a communique announced.

British bombers were active in northern and western Germany and the Ruhr industrial area, but their bomb so struck residential areas without military objectives.

The communique said gunfire southwest of Berlin turned the raiders away from the city, and that one Australian plane was shot down, but millions of Berliners spent the hours and 40 minutes in crowded air raid shelters due to the alarms.

Germans said the raid apparently was intended to drive the population to the cellars which are becoming chilly as the northern autumn advances. Nevertheless, regular ones organizing calling to take cover are being enforced rigidly.

The greatest devastation yet done by German bombers in England was reported by German military quarters as new formations of great strength increased the blows.

Fresh flames were springing from the battered East India docks and the West End power station in London only air raid shelters due to the alarms.

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Fresh flames were springing from the battered East India docks and the West End power station in London [illegible] where [illegible] headed back after dumping bombs on Britain's capital. Saturday night [illegible] 1,700 tons on 36 nights [illegible] urday and 101 Friday were dropped on London, more than 1,000 more than plane Saturday and 38 Friday which failed to get home, German [illegible] were claimed.

Dense smoke was said to cover London after Friday's day and night [illegible] factories, power plants, gas works and troop camps were reported hit in London, Birmingham, Liverpool and other cities in south and central England. The Silvertown docks in London were said to have received especially heavy damage.

Germany's big guns on the French coast, the high command said, sank two ships in a shelling of Dover harbor Friday and hit another ship off the Kent coast. Nine persons were killed in the shelling of Dover harbor.

[illegible] sank one more, bringing the total to 30 in the British naval base at Singapore in exchange for heavy bombers to be used by the British against Germany, it appeared very strange in German political quarters that it would be up to Japan to decide. Everyone knows this would be an encroachment upon her 'sphere.'"

[illegible] attempt escape.

## LONDON IS BOMBED FOR 22ND STRAIGHT NIGHT AS R. A. F. HITS BASES

### Channel Points Pounded In Heavy Counter-Attacks.

### GERMANS USING FLARES

### Incendiaries Set Fires In Capital to 'Light Way For Night Raiders.'

LONDON, Sept. 29.—(Sunday) — (AP) — Flares and incendiary bombs hurled by pace-setting German air raiders guided other nazi planes to their targets in London early today in the fourth week of unrelenting assault aimed at knocking out Britain.

Three small fires burned as bright beacons—below the flashes of exploding incendiary shells in the area over the capital. Firemen extinguished the flames after 5 minutes but the raids went on.

British bombers counter-attacked furiously at German bases across the channel along the French coast. Observers on Dover's cliffs saw hundreds of bursting explosions in almost an unbroken line along the French coast.

**Heavier Bombs Used.**

The flashes were bigger than anything previously seen and indicated more and heavier explosives were being used by the British in addition to incendiary and other bombs.

The British raids continued into the morning hours as London rightly took its 22nd consecutive night assault from the nazis.

Some of the invaders flew to within a few hundred feet of the capital. Other bombers at the same time were attacking along the southeast coast.

Late last night the air ministry said Britain had shot down seven planes and that down six German craft during the day.

Intensifying warplane, starting their fourth week of the siege of London, forced the capital's population underground twice. Saturday British reports intercepted that the invaders were answered slow for blow.

**Wide Raids.**

The first daylight alarm sprinkled midmorning after another night of recurring raids which left new ruins smouldering in London, the chief target, and in other English, Welsh and Scottish towns.

Again yesterday afternoon, when thousands of Londoners were starting for the country for a session of rest and uninterrupted sleep, another alarm sent the city to shelter below ground.

But the British reported heavy air attacks on their own account, and declared that the equivalent of one of the nazi air assault had been the cost of 133 planes lost Friday alone. Thus, for the first time in three months, British claims of destroyed German warplanes rose to more than 1,000.

A report from Dover said the R. A. F. was believed to have delivered its most violent attack so far on channel. Houses on the English side were shaken by the explosions and observers could see the bombs fall.

(Continued On Page 2, Col. 5)

## Fear Is Running Deeper That America Is Perilously Close To Being Drawn Into the War

By W. A. WILDBRAND,
United Press Staff Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—While a review of world conditions may [illegible] fully warrant this fear, it is certain that fear is running deeper here, and is steadily spreading, that the movement of America toward the wars of Europe and Asia can be only [illegible] by [illegible] fear. Never before in peacetime has there been such a [illegible] of the American people [illegible] questions of foreign policy, and never before, perhaps, as Woodrow Wilson once said, at a time remarked by the President himself, in the White House, our people have a rendezvous with destiny.

There is not alone the danger of conflict, with the consequent loss of blood and treasure, but it is necessary to consider the awful aftermath, if we are to intervene; more hospitals for the survivors, the loss of individual liberty, already discernible in the conscription bill, universal insecurity, the pyramiding of a national debt that may reach the grand and terrifying total, according to some estimates, of a hundred billion dollars.

**Inflation?**

Since this burden would be too great for the remnants of private enterprise to bear, there would be the ever present threat of disastrous inflation or a debasement of the currency, one of the devices of an event manifestation.

This is the way revolutions are born, and it may be considered creditable to recall that there is a respectable body of opinion that has held for years that a war-torn nation would be unable to survive the world war, which the president conflict threatens to become, without a complete change, in many and many, and Italy and Japan, warning America to keep a safe distance from the sphere of influence those powers have staked out.

The question is frequently asked which of the chapter of [illegible] [illegible] in the fighting in Europe and Asia is important. It is the judgment of editorial judgment of the Washington News that we are moving toward the battlefield only so fast that it is impossible to see the tragedy that lies ahead. Some doubtful road has already been traveled from quarantine to longdang. Quarantine to reference to a speech made by President Roosevelt in Chicago. The President, when he thought aggressor nations should be penned up in a quarantine area, spoke of Japan, China, and Italy, seems to be in need of saving, possibly for Japan, Italy or the Vichy government in France.

**Many Danger Spots.**

Danger spots are almost as wide as the world. Movement of American ships in the region of Singapore might be considered perilous, [illegible] Japan could on a constant by repeated sale would probably mean our involvement eventually, if not [illegible] Who this aid takes to form of war materials, bombers, and the transfer of warships, it just ravenes both national and international law. Representative Cox, of Georgia, has sponsored a resolution calling for an investigation of the action of the administration in selling 50 ac-

(Continued On Page 4, Col. 1)

### THREE NAZIS DE-PATRIATED

BERLIN, Sept. 28.—(AP)—William Schwabe, 29, Paul Bugla, 30, and Walter Jenner, 31, were before a court today for mutiny in Muenster prison. They were charged with [illegible] conditions—especially respectable body of opinion that has [illegible] during an air alarm—to [illegible]

### REFUGEE LASS GETS ACQUAINTED

A BONNIE LASS IS SHE—Classmates intrigued by the Scotch burr of her r-r-r's listen eagerly as Edna Green, 7, a war refugee from Glasgow, Scotland, tells about life in her homeland. She's now enrolled at the Delano school in Chicago, having entered the second grade. Edna lives with an aunt in Chicago and is slowly getting used to "funny American ways".

## Agreement On Profits Tax Is Reached By Committee

### Senate-House Group Votes to Increase to 24 Per Cent the Normal Income Tax Rate On Corporations With Net Income of Over $25,000—To Yield Big Sum.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—(AP)—A senate-house committee voted to increase to 24 per cent the normal income tax rate on all corporations with net income of more than $25,000 in reaching agreement tonight on the major provisions of an excess profits tax bill. The present rate is 20.9 per cent.

The committee decided to make no change in the tax on corporations with income of less than $25,000.

This decision represented a compromise between a senate amendment providing for an increase of 3.1 per cent in the tax on all corporation income, and the original house bill which contained no general income tax increase.

Senator Harrison, Democrat, Mississippi, committee chairman, estimated that the bill as it now stood would yield $900,000,000 to $1,000,000,000 annually. Harrison [illegible] that the committee, appointed to reconcile differences in the senate and house measures, would meet tomorrow morning with "very strong" hopes of reaching a final agreement.

Under present plans, he said, the house will consider the conference agreement on Tuesday and the senate on Wednesday.

The measure includes tax schedules designed to prevent any abnormal profits to corporations as a result of the government's rearmament efforts. It also provides tax concessions to encourage manufacturing concerns to construct defense facilities, and repeals present limitations on profits for warship and airplane construction.

During the day the committee decided to eliminate a house provision imposing a 4.5 per cent excess profits tax on those corporations which elected to use the "average earnings" method of computing their excess profits tax. Generally speaking, corporations with higher income during a base period—1936 to 1939 inclusive—would use this formula instead of an optional "invested capital" method.

In the place of the 4.5 increase, the committee voted to cut the average earnings credit from 100 per cent to 95 per cent.

For instance, if a corporation had average earnings of $1,000,000 a year during the base period years it would be allowed to deduct $950,000 from its income for 1940 and subsequent years before figuring its excess profits tax.

As to the invested capital formula, the committee adopted the senate provision exempting earnings up to 6 per cent of invested capital from the tax. It was decided to cut the first $5,000 from the corporation earnings.

The rate were agreed upon: Less than $20,000 (or excess profits credit) 25 per cent.
From $20,000 to $50,000—3 per cent.
From $50,000 to $100,000—3 per cent.
From $100,000 to $250,000—4 per cent.
From $250,000 to $500,000—5 per cent.
Over $500,000—30 per cent.

## HIGH POINT ACCIDENT CLAIMS SECOND LIFE

### Peggy Carter, 15, Dies of Injuries Received In Wreck Thursday Night.

Greensboro Daily News Bureau
106½ W. Washington, Telephone 2873
HIGH POINT, Sept. 28.—Peggy Moore-Carter, 15, died in Burrus Memorial hospital tonight at 10:30 o'clock the second fatality of an automobile wreck on the outskirts of High Point Thursday night in which six other young people were injured.

Hazel King, 15, of Thomasville was fatally killed as the car in which the eight were riding failed to make a curve on Highway 10 about 1 mile from the city and crashes into an embankment. Sumter Austin, 20, of High Point, was driving the car.

Miss Carter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Carter, 2316 English road, had been reported critically injured in the accident. She suffered internal injuries and [illegible]

The young people were on their way to the High Point-Reidsville football game when the wreck occurred.

Other occupants of the car, all injured in various degrees, were Eunice Brandemuehl, of Thomasville, Iris Rice, 19, High Point, route 4, Guy Heilig, 20, High Point, Oscar Ellington, 19, of High Point, and Richard Carter, 19, brother of the girl who died tonight.

Funeral arrangements for Miss Carter had not been made tonight.

## 44 REPORTED KILLED IN GIBRALTAR ATTACK

MADRID, Sept. 28.—(AP)—Radio National today said reports reaching Madrid indicated today that 44 persons were killed in the French bombings of Gibraltar this week. The reports said one of the dead was the aide to Vice Admiral Sir Dudley North.

Another agency claimed receipt of "private advices" that more than 200 persons were killed. Calle Real (Royal street) in Gibraltar was closed for two and a half hours while an unexploded bomb was hauled to the waterfront to be dumped at sea, it was reported.

## Welles Speech Plus Roaring Warplanes Give Sturdy Answer

### Roosevelt Says Unscheduled Parade of U. S. Aerial Might Is Flexing of Defense Muscles.—Undersecretary Welles Declares America Preparing For "All Eventualities" and Hints At Extension of Pan-American Defense.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 28.—(AP)—The state department's undersecretary suggested today that far eastern problems still can be settled around a conference table—but he declared this nation is preparing "for all eventualities", and hinted at an impending extension of Pan-American defense policies.

The undersecretary, 47-year-old Sumner Welles, appeared before Cleveland's Foreign Policy Association. At one point he was asked:

"How far have we gone in the development of Pan-American policies in the way of equal responsibility by all Pan-American countries in the defense of all America?"

Welles replied calmly and solemnly, replied:

**Hope to Change**

"I think there is no republic in this hemisphere not willing, prepared and disposed—and I may say eager—to share in a common responsibility. There may be an announcement shortly that will clarify what I mean."

The question was propounded by Dr. Brooks Emeny, the undersecretary's Cleveland host and head of the foreign affairs-study group. Welles addressed. Welles gave the association the most detailed analysis of foreign policy that this come point is authorized the government spokesman in many months.

Speaking of the far east, Welles declared "there is no immediate menace which could not be peacefully solved through negotiation" if "there existed a sincere desire on the part of all concerned to find an equitable and a fair solution which would give just recognition to the rights and to the real needs of all concerned".

"Would the Japanese have stayed out of French Indo-China if the United States navy had been at Singapore 90 days ago, and if we had wanted to prevent it?" demanded another member of the audience.

**Hypothetical.**

"My friend, you know it is difficult for me to deal with hypothetical questions," Welles responded. "As to the second part, Singapore is a British base and its use by our navy would have to depend on agreements with England. The first part involved many complicated and intricate questions of policy" and was "embarrassing".

Did the Japanese still were buying iron and steel "in this section" and asked why this week's embargo was confined to aviation fuel, Welles replied, "I can say all the problems in which you refer are under consideration—but one is being overlooked."

Although in a dark blue suit with pin stripes, Welles set forth that "primary requirements of the United States in the far east [illegible]

"Respect for the fundamental agreements or treaties concerning the east to which the United States is a party—although with the expressed understanding that the United States is always free to consider the peaceful negotiation of such modifications or changes as these agreements may need in the judgment of the [illegible] to be considered necessary in the light of changed conditions."

**Allies on Force.**

[illegible] government, however, has declared that it intends to create a new order in Asia," continued Welles. "In this endeavor it has relied on the instrumentality of armed force and it has made it very clear that it intends that it alone shall decide to what extent the historic rights and the legal rights and treaty rights of American citizens in the far east are to be observed.

During the brief question and answer period

Could Mr Welles care to comment on the liquidity and inconsistency of our neutrality legislation in view of our declarations by the administration?

"As a humble member of the executive branch I do not think I should be asked to comment on the legislative branch." He smiled. "I feel I cannot comment on the legislative branch. He added that "we have had been answered by [illegible] since the European war's outbreak.

Another questioner said "the President has placed an embargo on scrap iron to Japan. Why wasn't it done long ago?"

Welles replied "I regret to point out that over a period of years the government has been trying to reestablish with the government of Japan those friendly relations that were maintained for decades. The government has not established [illegible]

He added he wished to restate a part of his address—that "we are willing to sit around the conference table and discuss problems in the Pacific in the light of changing conditions with continuing hope of solving all these problems in mutual forbearance and mutual good will".

**EARTHQUAKE FELT**

SANTIAGO, Chile, Sept. 28.—(AP)—A violent earthquake was felt in Santiago tonight. The epicenter was not immediately determined.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27. (AP)—The United States paraded thundering hundreds of warplanes before foreign diplomats today in a demonstration which President Roosevelt explained was "just a gratifying fleeting of the kind of fighting muscle democracy can and does produce".

The unheralded and impressive display of America's increasing air power came in the wake of other evidence of the heels of the German-Italian-Japanese pact—interpreted by many as aimed at the United States.

The representatives of these and other powers had been invited to attend ceremonies in connection with a corner stone laying at the new Washington airport—told only that Mr. Roosevelt would address and that some make an transport planes would land.

**Not Sure**

But they had no more than settled into their seats when from all directions of the compass came roaring flights of army and navy warplanes — sleek, trim pursuit ships and huge bombers circling and wheeling till the air seemed filled. Altogether, officials said, there were 240 army planes and 168 navy and marine craft.

Raising his hand to them, the President smilingly observed that "there is no surprise party" for the several thousand who had come to the ceremonies.

Then, as senators and the roar of the planes [illegible] of our determination to build up a defense [illegible] in the air capable of overcoming any attack.

"They represent in a small way," he added, "the power we will [illegible] must have—and soon will have."

He went on to say that "we all hope that missions will always be in the ways of peace."

**Assurance of Peace.**

"We shall continue to use our energies and skills to see to it that they are never called upon for missions of war. But the lessons of them we have the less likely we are to have to use them—the less likely are we to be attacked from abroad."

To many in official Washington, the demonstration and the President's remarks appeared calculated to lend emphasis to the statement of foreign policy made earlier in the day by the United States undersecretary of state, in an address at Cleveland.

Welles told the Cleveland foreign affairs council, a business and professional men's group formed to study foreign affairs, that the United States was preparing "for any eventualities".

[illegible] the opinion that the far east presented no problem which could not be peacefully solved through negotiations provided there existed a sincere desire on the part of all concerned to find an equitable and a fair solution which would give just recognition to the rights and to the real needs of all concerned".

**$13,000,000 Airport.**

The President stood bareheaded in the open air to deliver his address at the $13,000,000 airport, constructed by filling in Potomac river marshlands with soil dredged from the river bottom.

After his references to the air armada overhead, he launched into a comparison of defense needs in

(Continued On Page 4, Col. 6)

## Jobless Checks Buy Good Time For Ritzy Group

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—(AP)—The World-Telegram says financially independent members of the "Park avenue rifleal" are using unemployment insurance checks to buy cocktails and supper parties in the Chumba spots.

The unemployment insurance fund, it said, is used unfortunates as part of the scheme, "Park avenue rangers too become the target of some of the Park avenue crowd who make nightly forays into Manhattan bush leaps," says the article.

The newspaper points out that those who are receiving unemployment insurance money without actually needing it violate the law. Any law is violated. They have qualified by having earned at least $15 in the previous calendar year and being unemployed on April 1, this year. Payments range from $7 to $15 per week for 13 weeks.

"There is only one restraining influence on the recipient," the article continues. "If he is offered a job and refuses to take it he is dropped from the ★★★ rolls. Until a job is offered these members of the 'smart set' the drinks are on the state."